

2009年度 入学試験問題

英 語

中京大学附属中京高等学校

===== 受験上の注意 =====

- 1 問題用紙は9ページあります。
- 2 試験時間は40分です。
- 3 解答用紙に、氏名（ふりがな）・受験番号・中学校名・中学校コードを必ず記入し、受験番号と中学校コードをマークしてください。
- 4 [1]番の問題はリスニング・コンプリヘンション・テストです。放送は試験開始後すぐに始まります。
- 5 マークの記入は、必ずHBの黒鉛筆で、所定のマーク解答欄の□を正確にぬりつぶしてください。
- 6 記述の記入は、所定の記述解答欄にていねいに行ってください。
- 7 訂正は、プラスチック製消しゴムできれいに消してください。
- 8 解答用紙を、折り曲げたり、汚したりしないでください。

[2] 次の会話文を読んで、問いに答えなさい。*のついた語は注があります。

Yumi is studying in America. She meets her friend, George, in the school restaurant.

George : Hi, Yumi. What's up? You look a little tired.

Yumi : Oh, hello, George. I'm OK. Thank you. How are you?

George : Not bad. How's your English class going?

Yumi : Not so good. It's getting difficult. Today's lesson was about *relative pronouns. Can you tell me a good book on relatives?

George : Sorry, I can't. But what's the trouble?

Yumi : Well, in Japanese we don't have relative pronouns. They're a real problem. For example, you say, "The book that I bought was interesting."

George : What do you say in Japanese?

Yumi : Well, we put *I bought* (A) *the book*. It goes like this; "*I bought the book* was interesting."

George : You know, every language is difficult for people (B) don't speak it. In English, just put *I bought* (C) *the book*. Take it easy.

Yumi : I know. I'm here to study English. And what's the difference between *that* and *which*?

George : In your example, _____ (あ) _____ Oh, before I forget, I have some good news. Cathy is going to hold a party next Sunday. She wants us to join in.

Yumi : Us? You mean, me, too? I'd be glad to. [I]

George : [II]

Yumi : [III]

George : I think I'm going to bring some soft drinks. [IV]

Yumi : OK. I'll go and get a lot of ice cream. [V]

George : Well, see you on Sunday. Just keep on studying.

Yumi : Thank you, George. You're very kind. Bye.

(注) relative pronouns 関係代名詞

問1 A, B, Cに入れるべき語の正しい組み合わせを次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① A - before B - who C - after
- ② A - after B - who C - before
- ③ A - before B - which C - after
- ④ A - after B - which C - before

問2 下線部(あ)に入れるのに最も適当なものを次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① both are OK. Also, you can use *who*.
- ② both are OK. But *which* is better.
- ③ both are OK. Also, you can do without them.
- ④ you can only use *that*, not *which*.

問3 I～Vに入れるのに最も適当なものを次の①～⑤のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。ただし、同じものを2度以上用いることはできません。

- I
- II
- III
- IV
- V

- ① Wow, I can't wait.
- ② What should I bring?
- ③ Where and what time?
- ④ Why don't you bring some dessert?
- ⑤ At her place, seven thirty in the evening.

[3] 次の英文を読んで、問いA～Cに答えなさい。*のついた語は注があります。

About one *billion people live in *India. Many people live on small farms. They live a quiet and simple life. The family takes care of the farm and the animals. The most important animal on the farm is the *cow. The cow helps on the farm in two *ways. It gives milk to the family, and it works on the farm.

The farmers do not make a lot of money. They usually can't buy expensive machines which will help them with their work. Also, the weather is a problem in India. In June, July, August, and September, there's a lot of rain. It makes the ground very *wet. Then the ground gets soft. A machine can't work on soft ground, but a cow can work. Also, to keep cows does not need as much money as to have machines which need *gasoline.

Farmers love and take care of their cows very much. They want their cows to be happy. When the farms aren't busy, they wash their cows. Americans like to wash their cars, and Indians like to wash their cows! Two times a year, there are special *celebrations for the cows, and then the farmers decorate their cows to thank them.

Old cows cannot work on farms. In India, it is *illegal to kill a cow. So farmers send their old cows away from the farm. The cows walk around free in the streets. Sometimes men sell grass in the street. People buy the grass and give it to the cows. People also give their own food to the cows, and cars are careful about the cows. There are special animal hospitals for old or sick cows. The *government and some rich people *pay for these hospitals. Farmers don't have to.

People in other countries do not understand why the Indian government uses money on cows. There are many poor people in India who need money. Indians say, "Americans use more money on their pet cats and dogs than we use on cows." People in India take care of over 200 *million cows every year. They have taken care of cows for a long time. It is a tradition that is thousands of years old.

(注) billion 十億 India インド cow 牛 way 点 wet 湿った
gasoline ガソリン celebration 祝賀 illegal 違法な
government 政府 pay 支払う million 百万

A 問1、問2の各文をそれぞれほぼ同じ意味を表すように書きかえたとき、()
に入れるべき語を次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

問1 They can't buy machines which will help on the farm.

= They can't buy machines () help on the farm. 13

- ① they ② in ③ for ④ to

問2 The cow is the most important animal in India.

= No animal is () important than the cow in India. 14

- ① not ② more ③ so ④ much

B 本文の内容に合うように、それぞれの書き出しに続く最も適当なものを次の①～④の
うちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

問1 Cows are special in India, because... 15

- ① the farmers don't get a lot of money.
② they help poor farmers with their work.
③ the farmers want to decorate them.
④ people give grass to the cow in the streets.

問2 Old cows which cannot work on farms... 16

- ① are sometimes hit by cars in the streets.
② are sent away from the farm.
③ must be taken to special animal hospitals.
④ must not walk around in the streets.

C 本文の内容に合っているものを次の①～⑨のうちから3つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

17 18 19

- ① Cows are as important to Indians as cars.
- ② There aren't any farmers who can't buy expensive machines.
- ③ On soft ground, cows are more useful than machines.
- ④ Indians wash their cows every day after the work.
- ⑤ The farmers decorate their cows to show that theirs are the best.
- ⑥ Old cows in the streets are taken care of by people.
- ⑦ Rich farmers can take their sick cows to the hospitals.
- ⑧ Americans love their cars and Indians don't want cars at all.
- ⑨ People in India have loved their cows for thousands of years.

※[4]の解答は解答用紙の「記述解答欄」のA～Fに記入しなさい。

[4] 次の英文を読んで、問いに答えなさい。*のついた語は注があります。

Joe Ross had a terrible stomachache when he went to see his doctor.

"What's the matter, Joe?"

"I have a stomachache."

" ア "

"A few days ago."

After some tests, the doctor told Joe that he had stomach cancer. "You need chemotherapy to stop the cancer," the doctor said.

Chemotherapy is strong medicine. After a few weeks of chemotherapy, Joe's hair began to fall out. Soon he had no hair.

イ Joe was depressed. He felt strange without hair. He didn't want people to see him.

One day Joe's brother and three other *relatives ウ (live) next to Joe visited him in the hospital. Joe was surprised エ to see them. They had no hair! "You *shaved your heads!" Joe said. And then he began to laugh. The other men laughed, too. "Please be quiet," the nurse said with a smile.

When Joe came home from the hospital, friends and relatives came to visit him. "We want to shave our heads," they said. "オ (like / want / look / to / you / we)." Joe shaved their heads. He also shaved his *sons' heads. In one day he shaved fifty heads. Joe's wife wanted to shave her head, too. "No," Joe said.

At the hospital Joe was depressed because he had no hair. Now he is not depressed. "I'm ready for anything," he says.

(注) relatives 身内 shave そる son むすこ

問1 下線部アに入れるのに最も適当なものを次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① When did it start?
- ② How long have you felt this way?
- ③ How do you feel now?
- ④ How have you been?

問2 下線部イの意味として最も適当なものを次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① ジョーは落ち込んだ。
- ② ジョーはだまされた。
- ③ ジョーは気楽になった。
- ④ ジョーは気にしなかった。

問3 ウの()内の語を正しい形に直しなさい。

問4 下線部エの to と同じ使い方の to を含む文を次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Glad to meet you.
- ② I'd like something to drink.
- ③ Thanks to your help, I finished the job.
- ④ You should know when to use your cell phone.

問5 オの()内の語を正しく並べかえなさい。ただし、文頭に来るべき語も小文字になっているので、大文字に直しなさい。

問6 この文章のタイトルとして最も適当なものを次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Never Be Depressed
- ② Chemotherapy To Stop Cancer
- ③ Laugh Makes You Happy
- ④ Fifty Good Friends

中京大学附属中京高等学校

2009年度一般入試 英語スクリプト

問1 A: Hi, Kenji. That's a nice bike you're riding on!

B: Thank you. I bought it last Sunday.

問2 A: Hi, Sarah. I have two tickets for the concert tonight. What do you think?

B: Sorry, I'm not interested.

A: How about dinner or something?

問3 A: Emi, what're you waiting for? We have to go right now. Our train leaves
at ten thirty.

B: What time is it now?

A: It's already ten fifteen.

問4 A: Hi, Pattie. How was your trip to Sydney?

B: It was great. I went surfing and visited some museums.

A: How long were you there?

問5 A: Next! Where to?

B: I'd like a ticket to Gifu, please.

A: OK. One way or round trip?

B: How much is a round-trip ticket?

A: It's two thousand five hundred and seventy yen.